



SOCI 315: RESEARCH METHODS

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Where to Get Help

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Where to Get Help

- Crumb library reference desk
- Crumb library home page – “Ask-a-librarian”
 - Meebo Chat
 - In person/phone/e-mail
 - Library consultations
 - Ask-Us 27x7



How to Get Information

- Use a database to find relevant periodical literature
 - **Sociological Abstracts** – citations and abstracts only, but links through ArticleLinker if full-text is available elsewhere.
- Library collection – search “BearCat”



Sociological Abstracts–

- Indexes and abstracts over 1,500 serials publications.
- Also has abstracts of books, book chapters, dissertations, and conference papers.
- Citations and abstracts only – NOT A FULL TEXT DATABASE!
- 1963 - current



Important to Know...

- You can connect to any library database remotely but you must use your campus computer account and password
- We have access to the full text journals through other databases
- "ArticleLinker" connects citation databases to full-text databases
- ILLIAD, our ILL service, will help you obtain any useful material you identify which we do not own or have electronic access to

TIPS & TRICKS FOR SOCIOLOGICAL ABSTRACTS



The Whole Point

You want to get GOOD, RELEVANT articles.

- What is GOOD?
- What is RELEVANT?

How do you do this?

- Find and USE good VOCABULARY

CONTROLLED VOCABULARY

THE THESAURUS OF SOCIOLOGICAL INDEXING TERMS (DESCRIPTORS)

- Controlled vocabulary is a standardized list of terms used to organize information.
- Terms are often defined by a **scope note** and include relationships to **broader** (BT), **related** (RT) and **narrower** terms (NT)
- Synonyms are linked to the preferred term – e.g. "teen/teenager" use "adolescents"
- Access thesaurus through the "Search Tools" tab in Sociological Abstracts

USE LIMITERS TO CONTROL RESULTS

- YEAR – Sociological Abstracts begins in 1963 so for latest research use a range such as 1999-2009
- LANGUAGE – set to English if appropriate
- PUBLICATION TYPE – by default searches the entire database
 - Check box for "Journal Articles Only"

Too many?

- Add more unique descriptors, connecting them with **"and"**
- Go back to the thesaurus to identify more specific terms (NT)
- Use more specific limiters

Too few?

- Reduce the number of search terms
- Go back to the thesaurus and find terms to broaden your search (BT) or add more synonyms (RT) **nested with the Boolean operator "or"** example: (sex role attitudes or sex roles)



Not quite what you want?

- Check out the note defining for your search terms – compatible with your meaning?
- Use keywords to search abstracts – can you find at least one good article? Then use the descriptors from that article to search